

منهج الصف الثاني الاعدادي الترم الثاني

الصف الثاني الاعدادي

ليلة الامتحان

Dialogues السؤال الثاني

Yes/ No/ Of course/ Well / Sure / I'm afraid / Ok

ويكون السؤال هنا بفعل مساعد أو ناقص بمعنى (هل ؟) وتتبع الآتي :-

1- تحذف No, Yes أو أي من الكلمات السابقة إن وجدت.

2- تقدم الفعل المساعد أو الناقص على الفاعل ويكون شكل السؤال كالتالي :-

? تتعلمه + فعل أساسي + فاعل + فعل مساعد (الأفعال المساعدة والناقصة هي :

(am / is / are / was / were)
(have / has / had) (can / could / shall / should / will / would / may / might / must / ought to / had to)

? what are you doing ?
what were you doing ?

? How do you go to school?
Where did Ahmed go yesterday?

? How do you go to school?
Where did Ahmed go yesterday?

? What were you doing ?
How do you go to school?
Where did Ahmed go yesterday?

? What were you doing ?
How do you go to school?
Where did Ahmed go yesterday?

how long have you been watching the film?

الفعل + أداة استفهام can/could/will/must + فاعل + فعل مساعد الناقص +inf?

when will he arrive?
لاحظ التحويلات الآتية عند السؤال أو الاجابة :-

Question	you	your
Answer	I - we	my - our

are you	were you ...?
I'm/we are	I was / we were

إذا لم تجد بالجملة فعلاً مساعداً أو ناقصاً عليك بالتابع الآتي :-

1- إذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع به (ب) نستخدم (does) .

2- إذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع بدون (ب) نستخدم (do) .

3- إذا كان فعل الجملة ماضى نستخدم (did) .
تاليه: إذا لم تبدأ الجملة بـ (Yes , No , Of course) أو ما سبق نستخدم أداة الاستفهام كالتالي :-

أداة الاستفهام كالتالي :-

How long	have	you
أداة استفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل

been studying	English ?
فعل أساسي	تكملة الجملة

grammar

الالتزام obligation and lack of obligation

Have to / Has to / Must تستخدم (has to \ have to) بمعنى (يجب ان) للتعبير عن القواعد او الضرورة

♣ At primary and preparatory schools, all students have to wear a uniform.

♣ My daughter has to / must wear a uniform at school.

♣ It is necessary for my daughter to wear a uniform at school.

♣ We have to go to school on time. =
♣ We must go to school on time.

التنفي Negative (نقص الضرورة Lack of necessity)
Subject + (don't or doesn't + have to) + inf. المصنوع

♣ You don't have to pick the flowers.

♣ Amany doesn't have to trick on the others.

Questions wh. + do // does + have to + inf. ?
♣ What do you have to do after doing homework?
♣ I have to do my homework.
♣ Do you have to get up at seven o'clock?
♣ Yes, I have to get up early
♣ Does she have to eat bananas ?
♣ No , she doesn't have to eat

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الحلقة الأولى

المصدر + will + مضارع بسيط If it rains tomorrow , I'll stay at home .
He will win the match if he trains hard .

How to change from active to passive كيفية التحويل من ميمنى للمعلوم الى ميمنى للمجهول

1- المفعول يصبح فاعل والفاعل يصبح مفعول مسبقاً بـ (by)
2- نستخدم (verb to : be) في نفس زمن الجملة
3- نضع الفعل الاساسي في التصريف الثالث

♣ The carpenter make doors and tables. (ميمنى للمعلوم)
♣ Doors and tables are made by the carpenter. (ميمنى للمجهول)
♣ Who makes this noise?
♣ Who is this noise made by?

Present simple passive المضارع البسيط في الميمنى للمجهول يتكون الميمنى للمجهول في المضارع البسيط (التصريف الثالث + am / is / are + المفعول)

♣ Water is cycled by nature .
♣ Clouds are formed in the sky.
♣ Clouds are blown by the wind.

Past Simple Passive الميمنى للمجهول في الميمنى (التصريف الثالث + Was / were + المفعول)

♣ The Chinese first made paper .
♣ Paper was first made by the Chinese .
♣ Egyptians didn't invent stamps.

♣ Stamps weren't invented by Egyptians.

Past simple passive questions اسئلة الميمنى البسيط في الميمنى للمجهول

Question word + was / were + subject -
Past participle ? يتكون من

When was this school built ? What was shown on TV last night ?
Who was your favourite book written by ?

Paragraphs and emails UNIT 14

Schools in Egypt All children in Egypt have to go to school from the age 6-15.They go to nursery,primary,preparatory and secondary school.They wear uniforms.They learn a lot of subjects,teachers love,help and teach them well.They do activities at school.

Jobs at home I always do jobs at home.I make my bed and clean my room . I wash up the dishes . I set up the table before I eat.I iron our clothes . My family loves me because I'm helpful.

UNIT 15 Global warming We have a big problem.It is the global warming. The tempreture

increases when carbon dioxide is high,pollution causes global warming. So the earth gets hotter, ice melts and the sea becomes higher.We should stop global warming .

The environment To : Heba From : Dina Subject : The environment Dear Heba,

I want to tell you what we should do to live well in our environment . We should keep our environment clean.We should do some things to keep it clean .We should plant a lot of trees . We shouldn't throw rubbish in the streets or river . Wshould stop pollution and global warming.

Yours, Dina UNIT 16 The water cycle

Water moves around the earth all the time .It is recycled by nature. the sun shines ,water in rivers and When sea turns to water vapour.

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Yaseen: OK, so this room is ... I can't remember the word for it!

Eyad: It's the laboratory.

4-Complete the following dialogues

Yehya is showing Walid his new mobile phone.

Yehya: I'll tell you something interesting about this mobile phone. It can do more than the first spaceships that went to the moon.

Walid: Do you mean that the computer inside it is better? It can't fly!

Yehya: Yes, that's right. The computer in the phone has more. ... I can't remember the word for the ability to remember something.

Walid: Do you mean that the computer has more memory?

Yehya: Yes! This is how it works. You press here to make a call.

Walid: I see/understand.

1- Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues

1 **Nawal:** Hello, is it OK if I ask you some questions later today?

Lateefa: That's fine with me. What would you like to ask?

2 **Kamal:** How much of the earth is sea?

Omar: About 30 percent of the earth is land, so about 70 percent of the earth is sea.

2-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues

1 **Amira:** Do you mind if I ask you some questions about (your hobbies)?

Heidi: Not at all.

2 **Kamal:** How much of land on the earth is desert?

Omar: About a third of the land is desert.

3-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues

1 **Nadine:** Too much sun can be bad for you. Are you following me?

Jana: (Yes,) I see./I understand

2 **Omar:** What do you call those things that you wear on your hands?

Sameh: They're called gloves. They keep your hands warm.

4-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues

1 **Nahla:** What do you call those things that you wear in your ears?

Nur: They're earphones

2 **Ahmed:** It's not hot or cold today. Do you understand what I mean?

Yasser: Yes, I understand what you mean.

4

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Read the following, then answer the questions

To: Walid From: Uncle Sami Subject: Hot work

Hi Walid,

Thank you for your email. I have to go to the desert next week for my work. The area we are going to is 300 kilometres from Cairo. It is now July and the area is very hot at this time of year. My friend went there last year and he said that it was often too hot to stay out in the day. The thing is, we have to study beetles and other insects, and you can only find them when it is very hot. So we have to work at the hottest time. This will be interesting!

Best wishes, Uncle Sami

1 Where does Sami have to go next week?

He has to go to the desert for work.

2 What problem do you think that Sami will have on his trip to the desert? *It will be very hot.*

3 What job do you think Uncle Sami does? *He is a scientist*

4 The underlined word "beetles" means: a the desert **b a type of insect** c a type of flower d a type of bird

5 What is the main subject of the email?

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Then, it turns in the sky to water drops. They join together to form clouds.

When these clouds are heavy, they become rain and fall to the ground.

Sunshine

The sun is very important for us to get energy. It helps plants to grow. We feel warm and happy with it. But hot sun shine can burn people and make them ill. It can make fires. We shouldn't play in hot sunshine

UNIT 17

An important invention

I think the mobile phone is the most important invention. We can call anyone at any place all the time. We can listen to music and watch videos. We can play games. We can use the internet through the mobile and know all the news. We can take photographs and send them to people.

Windmills

Wind can be used in many things. Windmills were invented in the 9th

century. They were used to make flours. Travellers take the idea to Europe. They were used to make electricity.

Many countries use them now.

UNIT 18

The International Space Station

The International space station has travelled around the earth since 1998. It is 400 km above the earth. It was built as a big laboratory. Many scientists from different countries work in it. They spend their time studying space and the earth. Scientists go to The International Space Station by spaceships

1-Complete the following dialogue

Taha and Hamza are talking about Hamza's trip to England.

Taha: Hi, Hamza. Did you have a good holiday in England?

Hamza: Yes, I enjoyed it, *but/although* it wasn't my best holiday.

Taha: Why was that?

Hamza: The *thing is*, the weather was very bad every day.

Taha: I'd love to go to England! Sorry, you were saying *about* the weather.

Hamza: Yes, it was cold and windy!

Anyway, it was good to practice my English.

3

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2-Complete the following dialogue

Samira is asking Rawan some questions about a school project.

Samira: *Excuse* me. I'm doing a school project about jobs which people do at home. Can I ask you some questions?

Rawan: Yes, of *course*

Samira: Could you tell me *whether/if* you make your bed every day?

Rawan: Yes, I do.

Samira: OK, and do you sweep the floor?

Rawan: Well, no, I don't sweep the floor often. I mean, I sweep the floor *sometimes*, when my mother wants me to help.

3-Complete the following dialogue

Yaseen and Eyad are helping new students around the school.

Yaseen: Hello to all our new students. Today, we are *are going* to talk about the rooms in our school.

Eyad: We'll *start* by telling you about the classrooms.

Yaseen: Later, we'll tell you about what we were taught last year.

Eyad: *Finally*, we'll take you round the school.

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- a set** b wash up c weave d group
 7 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d
 1 My bag on the plane just before we left Cairo. a put **b was put** c is put d putting
 2 Were the chairs..... by the school children? **a painted** b paints c paint d painting
 3 The first email in 1971. **a was sent** b sent c is sent d sends
 4 Clouds are blown..... the wind. a of **b by** c to d for
 5 I can't find my pen! It has..... a stolen b evaporated c robbed **d disappeared**
 6 The girl carried the eggs home in a..... a candle **b basket** c leaf d space
 7 This room is always very hot when the sun... a evaporates b joins **c shines** d happens
 8 At what temperature does water? a shine b drop **c freeze** d burn
 7 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d
 1 What time was the tennis match..... on television last night? a show b showing **c shown** d showed
 2 The planes after every journey. a cleaned b was cleaned c were cleaning **d are cleaned**

- 3 This school..... in 1961. a built b is built **c was built** d is build
 4 How are cakes? **a made** b make c makes d making
 5 English is one of the most popular..... in the world. a words b parts c sentences **d languages**
 6 At what time is your..... to London? a spaceship **b flight** c walk d atmosphere
 7 When you go out in the sun, you should wear sun..... **a cream** b drop c vapour d shine
 8 We gave the boys some to wash their hands. a supplies b fat c soap **d soup**
 8 Read and correct the underlined words
 a He told that he wanted to play chess. **said**
 b You have look right and left when you cross the road. **have to**
 c I have an excellent teacher at school, so I don't need any public lessons. **private**
 d It's raining very hard, so it is impossible for me to take an umbrella. **necessary**
 8- Read and correct the underlined words
 a Cutting down trees causes condensation. **desertification**
 b We not have to go to school tomorrow because it's a holiday. **do not / don't have to**

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- c She looked out of the window and said that it is raining. **was raining**
 d In autumn, roots on trees turn yellow or orange. **leaves**
 8- Read and correct the underlined words
 1 I am going to apply the volleyball team next week. **join**
 2 The first envelopes made of animal skins. **were made of**
 3 What are insects ate by? **eaten**
 4 When I felt a sea of water on my head, I knew it was going to rain. **drop**
 8- Read and correct the underlined words
 1 All the water has grown from the cup, so there is nothing to drink! **gone/ evaporated**
 2 My favourite TV programme is show on Channel 1. **shown**
 3 The bus is leaving every day at 2 o'clock. **leaves**
 4 You should wear a hat when you ride a motorcycle. **helmet**
 9- Write a paragraph of six (6) sentences on what you have to do before you go to school
 There are some things I have to do before going to school. I have to do my homework well to show it to my teacher. I have to prepare my books for tomorrow's lessons. I have to read my new lessons

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- 3 Were Roman or ancient Egyptian doors easier to open? **Roman doors was easier to open.**
 4 Ancient Egyptian keys were . a about half a metre long b smaller than Roman keys c not as good as Roman keys d more than a metre long
 5 Today, you can use a plastic card to a pay for hotels b lock hotel doors c buy new keys d see hotels online.
 D The Reader
 6 a. Put the events into the correct order
 Suddenly, the Red-Headed League was closed. 4
 Mr Wilson copied information from the encyclopaedia into a book. 2
 Mr Wilson started his work for the Red-Headed League. 1
 Mr Wilson received £4 at the end of each week. 3
 b. Answer the following questions
 1 What did the landlord of the office say about Mr Ross and the Red-Headed League? **He said that he did not know them.**
 2 How do we know that Sherlock Holmes likes music? **Because he wants to go to a violin concert that evening.**

- 3 Why do you think that Holmes hit the ground with his walking stick? He thought that Spaulding was digging a tunnel from Mr Wilson's shop to the bank.
 4 Which of the places near the shop do you think a thief would be interested in? **The thieves would be interested in the bank.**
 D The Reader
 6 a. Put the events into the correct order
 The Red-Headed League was closed, but no one knew why. 1
 Mr Holmes asked Mr Wilson some questions about his assistant, Mr Spaulding. 4
 On his way to the violin concert, Mr Holmes went passed Mr Wilson's shop. 3
 Mr Wilson asked Mr Holmes to solve the mystery. 2
 b. Answer the following questions
 1 What did Mr Wilson have to do at the Red-Headed League? **He had to copy information from an encyclopaedia to a book.**
 2 Why do you think that Mr Wilson found his work foolish? **Because he had to copy from an encyclopaedia into a book.**
 3 How do we know that Dr Watson does not understand what Sherlock Holmes is

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- thinking? **Because he finds it very unusual when Holmes hits the ground with his walking stick.**
 4 Why does Holmes want to speak to Mr Spaulding? **So that he can see the knees of his trousers.**
 D The Reader
 6 a. Put the following events into the correct order
 The four men took two taxis to Mr Merryweather's bank. 4
 Holmes asked Watson to meet him at ten o'clock. 1
 Holmes told Watson they wanted to catch John Clay. 3
 When Watson arrived at Baker Street, Holmes was talking to Peter Jones and Mr Merryweather. 2
 b. Answer the following questions
 1 Who was Peter Jones? **The most important policeman in London**
 2 Where was Mr Merryweather's bank? **Behind Mr Wilson's shop.**
 3 Why do you think Mr Spaulding told Mr Wilson about the new job with the Red-Headed League? **Because he wanted to keep Mr Wilson away from the shop until he dug the tunnel to the bank. (or because Mr Ross had red hair and Mr Wilson had red hair too)**

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Watson arrived at Baker Street?
He was talking to Peter Jones and Mr Merryweather.

5-Who was Peter Jones? He was the most important policeman in London.

6-Who was Mr Merryweather?
He was the manager of the bank behind Mr Wilson's shop.

7-What did Peter Jones and Merryweather hope to do?

To catch the famous thief, John Clay.

8-Who was Mr Merryweather?
He was the manager of the bank behind Mr Wilson's shop.

9-What did Peter Jones and Merryweather hope to do?

To catch the famous thief, John Clay.

10-Where did the four men (Holmes, Dr Watson, Peter Jones and Merryweather) go to? To Mr Merryweather's bank.

11-How did the four men go to the bank? They got into two taxis.

12-Where did Mr Merryweather take the men?

To Mr Merryweather's bank and down into the cellar.

13-What were there inside the cellar?

There were a lot of large boxes in which there was a lot of gold.

14-What did Holmes look at in the cellar? He looked carefully at the floor.

15-Why were the thieves interested in Mr Merryweather's bank?

Because of the gold in boxes in the bank.

16-How could the thieves come into the cellar?

By digging a tunnel from Mr Wilson's shop.

17-Who were waiting outside Mr Wilson's shop? Three policemen.

18-How long did the four men wait inside the cellar? About an hour.

19-What did Holmes do when the young man stood up in the cellar?

He quickly grabbed his arm.

20-What did Holmes tell the young man? He told him that the red-headed idea was good, but he was caught.

21-Who was John Clay? He was a famous thief.

Chapter 4

Answer the questions

1-Who invented the idea of the Red-Headed League? Who helped him?

John Clay. His friend Mr Ross's red hair helped him.

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2-What did Holmes know about the job of copying out the encyclopaedia?
He knew that it was too foolish to be a real job.

3-Why did Clay and Ross invent that job?
Because they wanted Mr Wilson out of his shop.

4-Why did Clay and Ross want Mr Wilson out of his shop?

To have time for digging the tunnel to the bank.

5-What was Mr Spaulding's real name?
John Clay.

6-What was unusual about Mr Spaulding's work in Mr Wilson's shop?
He often used to work in the cellar.

7-What did Holmes find out after asking Mr Wilson some questions about Mr Spaulding?
He found out that Mr Spaulding was John Clay, the famous thief.

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a the weather in July

b beetles that are important

c working in a difficult place

d travelling in Egypt

5 Read the following, then answer the questions

About 71 percent of the earth is ocean.

That means that less than a third of the earth is land for us to live on. However, scientists think that nearly half of the land has people living or working on it. Many animals have to live on the ten percent of the land that is far from any large city. There are now 34 cities around the world that have a population of more than ten million. Many of us live in big cities. However, they use just three percent of the land area. The earth has millions of people living on it, but it is not yet full!

1 What does the underlined word ocean mean? *a large area of salt water that covers much of the earth*

2 What is the problem for some animals?
They have to live on 10% of the land that is far from any large city.

3 What percent of the land has people living or working on it? *About 50 percent of the land has people living or working on it.*

4 34 cities around the world .

a have more than ten million people

b are empty

c have too many people in them

d are full

5 What is the main subject of the article?

a There is not enough land.

b One day, people will need to live in the sea.

c In the future, there will be no animals.

d There is enough land for us all.

5-Read the following, then answer the questions

Spaceship to the planet Mars

Name of spaceship	Leave earth	On Mars
Mariner 4	1964	-
Viking 1 and 2	1975	1976
Pathfinder	1996	1997
Rover Opportunity	2003	2004
Mars Rover	2011	2012
ExoMars	2016	2018
Mars	2020	2021

1 Which was the first spaceship to arrive on Mars? *Viking 1 and 2*

2 About how long does it take a spaceship to go to Mars? *It takes about a year.*

3 Why do you think Mariner 4 has no date for On Mars? *I think it was lost.*

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4 was the only spaceship that took two years to reach Mars.

a Mariner 4 b Viking 1 and 2 c Mars Rover d ExoMars

5 What was sent to space in 1964?

a Mariner 4 b nothing c two spaceships d Rover Opportunity

5 Read the following, then answer the questions

You probably lock the door to your house when you go out. Did you know that ancient Egyptians also used to lock their doors? Keys were used by the ancient Egyptians in around 4000 BCE. However, their keys were very large, sometimes more than 50 centimetres long! Later, much smaller keys were invented to lock Roman doors. However, it was much harder to open an ancient Egyptian door than a Roman door! Today, you do not always need a key to lock a door. Many hotels use plastic cards. These are easier to carry than heavy keys.

1 When did people first lock their doors?
They first locked them in around 4000 BCE.

2 What was the problem with the first keys? *They were very big.*

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well to get ideas about them . I have to prepare my uniform and iron it .I have to get up early and be ready to reach my school early.

Write an email of six (6) sentences to your best friend telling him / her what will happen if he / she comes to your house on Friday. Your name is Gamil(a).

Write an email of six (6) sentences telling your cousin about some of the things that were invented in Egypt. Your name is Nabil(a).

Stars

To : Ali
From : Samy
Subjects : Stars

Dear Ali,

I'm going to tell you some information about the stars .The ancient Egyptian were some of the first people to study stars .Glass was made first in Egypt in around 3500 BCE. People probably used the glass to see the planets better .However the first telescope wasn't invented until 16th century .The observatory of the stars in Helwan is the most important one in the world .

Yours,

Samy

9 Write a paragraph of six (6) sentences on what happens in the water cycle

The water cycle

Water moves around the earth all the time .It is recycled by nature. the sun shines ,water in rivers and sea When turns to water vapour. Then, it turns in the sky to water drops .They join together to form clouds. When these clouds are heavy,they becomes rain and fall to the ground .

Chapter 3

1. Who do you think Sherlock Holmes wanted to see after the violin concert?

Peter Jones and Mr Merryweather.

Why do you think the bank manager worried about having a lot of gold in the cellar? Because thieves might be interested in this bank.

2. How do you think the thieves planned to take the gold out of the cellar?

Under the ground from Mr Wilson's shop.

3. Who do you think was helping John Clay?

Mr Ross (the manager of the Red-

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Headed League)

4. Why do you think that Holmes wanted to see Peter Jones?

Because he was the most important policeman in London .

5. What do you think the thieves were doing when Mr Wilson was at the Red-Headed League?

They were digging the tunnel from Mr Wilson's shop to the bank.

Did Mr Wilson know that Mr Spaulding was a thief? How do you think he felt when he found out? No. I think he felt surprised.

Answer the following questions:

1-What did Holmes tell Dr Watson after the concert?

He had to see someone before he went home.

2-What did Holmes expect to happen that night?

There would be a crime that might be dangerous.

3-What did Holmes ask Dr Watson to do?

To meet him at 221 b Baker Street at ten o'clock.

4-What was Holmes doing when Dr

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4 What do you think the thieves were doing when Mr Wilson was at the Red-Headed League? They were digging a tunnel to the bank.

D The Reader

6 a. Put the events into the correct order. Mr Merryweather explained to Watson why the thieves were interested in the cellar. 3

The four men waited for the thieves to arrive. 4

When they arrived, Mr Merryweather took them to the cellar. 2

Holmes, Watson, Mr Merryweather and Peter Jones took a taxi to the bank. 1

b. Answer the following questions

1 How did Holmes know that the job at the Red-Headed League was not real? Holmes knew that the job of copying out the encyclopaedia was too foolish to be a real job.

2 Why did the thieves plan to take the gold on Saturday? Because then they would have a day and a half to escape before the bank opened on Monday.

3 How do you think that Holmes knew that Spaulding was digging a tunnel? Because the knees of his trousers were dirty and had holes in them.

4 Why do you think that Holmes wanted the most important policeman in London to go with him to the bank? To catch the famous chief John Clay.

E Vocabulary and Structure

7 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1 Waid phoned me this morning and he said that he on a farm.

a is staying **b was staying** c stay d to stay

2 The plane leaves early tomorrow morning so Ola get up at 4 a.m.!

a have to b have **c has to** d has

3 It is cloudy today, so we take our sunglasses.

a don't have to b not have to c don't have d have not to

4 If we to England, we will speak English every day.

a went b will go **c go** d going

5 The tourists followed a through the mountains.

a path b step c part d scenery

6 After they ate breakfast, the children helped their mother to

a wash in b wash on **c wash up**

d wash off

7 What desertification? a

sticks b achieves c results **d causes**

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8 Please me to buy some bread from the shops.

a revise b remind **c remember**

d decide

7 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d

1 They a lot of old statues if they go to that museum.

a see b saw c to see **d will see**

2 If you your hands before you eat, you will get ill.

a don't wash b wash c not wash

d didn't wash

3 You be careful when you walk in the desert .

a have to b has to c have d has

4 The teacher said..... it was a difficult lesson.

a to b if **c that** d which

5 We looked out of the train windows to see the beautiful

a surveys b flight c walk **d scenery**

6 The factory makes cars using computers and

a dyes b caves **c machines** d bats

7 The camel had a broken leg, so the farmer took it to see a

a dentist b patient c weaver **d vet**

8 Please can you the table before we eat?

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Yaseen: OK, so this room is ... I can't remember the word for it!
Eyad: It's the laboratory.

4-Complete the following dialogues
Yehya is showing Walid his new mobile phone.
Yehya: I'll tell you something interesting about this mobile phone. It can do more than the first spaceships that went to the moon.
Walid: Do you mean that the computer inside it is better? It can't fly!
Yehya: Yes, that's right. The computer in the phone has more... I can't remember the word for the ability to remember something.
Walid: Do you mean that the computer has more memory?
Yehya: Yes! This is how it works. You press here to make a call.
Walid: I see/understand.

1-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues
1 Nawal: Hello, is it OK if I ask you some questions later today?
Lateefa: That's fine with me. What would you like to ask?
2 Kamal: How much of the earth is sea?

Omar: About 30 percent of the earth is land, so about 70 percent of the earth is sea.
2-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues
1 Amira: Do you mind if I ask you some questions about (your hobbies)?
Heidi: Not at all.
2 Kamal: How much of land on the earth is desert?
Omar: About a third of the land is desert.

3-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues
1 Nadine: Too much sun can be bad for you. Are you following me?
Jana: (Yes,) I see./I understand
2 Omar: What do you call those things that you wear on your hands?
Sameh: They're called gloves. They keep your hands warm.
4-Supply the missing parts in the following two minidiialogues
1 Nahla: What do you call those things that you wear in your ears?
Nur: They're earphones
2 Ahmed: It's not hot or cold today. Do you understand what I mean?
Yasser: Yes, I understand what you mean.

Read the following, then answer the questions
To: Walid From: Uncle Sami Subject: Hot work
Hi Walid,
 Thank you for your email. I have to go to the desert next week for my work. The area we are going to is 300 kilometres from Cairo. It is now July and the area is very hot at this time of year. My friend went there last year and he said that it was often too hot to stay out in the day. The thing is, we have to study beetles and other insects, and you can only find them when it is very hot. So we have to work at the hottest time. This will be interesting!
 Best wishes, Uncle Sami
1 Where does Sami have to go next week?
He has to go to the desert for work.
2 What problem do you think that Sami will have on his trip to the desert? *It will be very hot.*
3 What job do you think Uncle Sami does? *He is a scientist*
4 The underlined word "beetles" means: a the desert **b** a type of insect **c** a type of flower **d** a type of bird
5 What is the main subject of the email?

4

الصف الثاني الاعدادي **ليلة الامتحان**

الحلقة الاولى
If المضارع بسيط + **will** + المصدر
 ♦ If it rains tomorrow, I'll stay at home.
 ♦ He will win the match if he trains hard.

How to change from active to passive
 كيفية التحويل من ماضي للمعلوم الى ماضي للمجهول
 1- المفعول يصبح فاعل والفاعل يصبح مفعول مسبقا بـ (by)
 2- تستخدم (verb to : be) في نفس زمن الجملة
 3- تضع الفعل الاساسي في التصريف الثالث

♦ The carpenter make doors and tables. (ماضي للمعلوم)
 ♦ Doors and tables are made by the carpenter. (ماضي للمجهول)
 ♦ Who makes this noise?
 ♦ Who is this noise made by?
Present simple passive
 المضارع البسيط في الماضي للمجهول
 يتكون الماضي للمجهول في المضارع البسيط (التصريف الثالث + am / is / are + المفعول)
 ♦ Water is cycled by nature .
 ♦ Clouds are formed in the sky.
 ♦ Clouds are blown by the wind.
Past Simple Passive
 الماضي للمجهول في الماضي (التصريف الثالث + was / were + المفعول)
 ♦ The Chinese first made paper .
 ♦ Paper was first made by the Chinese .
 ♦ Egyptians didn't invent stamps.

♦ Stamps weren't invented by Egyptians.

Past simple passive questions
 أسئلة الماضي البسيط في الماضي للمجهول
Question word + was / were + subject - Past participle ? يتكون من
When was this school built ? What was shown on TV last night ?
Who was your favourite book written by?

Paragraphs and emails
UNIT 14
Schools in Egypt
 All children in Egypt have to go to school from the age 6-15.They go to nursery,primary,preparatory and secondary school.They wear uniforms.They learn a lot of subjects.teachers love,help and teach them well.They do activities at school.
Jobs at home
 I always do jobs at home.I make my bed and clean my room .
 I wash up the dishes .I set up the table before I eat.I iron our clothes .
 My family loves me because I'm helpful.

UNIT 15
Global warming
 We have a big problem.It is the global warming. The temprature increases when carbon dioxide is high,pollution causes global warming. So the earth gets hotter, ice melts and the sea becomes higher.We should stop global warming .

The environment
To : Heba
From : Dina
Subject : The environment
 Dear Heba,
 I want to tell you what we should do to live well in our environment . We should keep our environment clean.We should do some things to keep it clean .We should plant a lot of trees .We shouldn't throw rubbish in the streets or river .Wshould stop pollution and global warming.
 Yours,
 Dina
UNIT 16
The water cycle
 Water moves around the earth all the time .It is recycled by nature. the sun shines ,water in rivers and When sea turns to water vapour.

2

منهج الصف الثاني، الاعدادي الترم الثاني

الصف الثاني الإعدادي

ليلة الامتحان

Dialogues السؤال الثاني

اولاً: اذا بدأت الجملة بـ:

**Yes/ No/ Of course/ Well / Sure / I'm
afraid / Ok**

ويكون السؤال هنا بفعل مساعد أو ناقص بمعنى

(هل ؟) وتنبع الآتي :-

1- تحذف No, Yes أو أي من الكلمات السابقة إن وجدت.

2- نقدم الفعل المساعد أو الناقص على الفاعل ويكون شكل السؤال كالتالي :-

? تتمة + فعل أساسي + فاعل + فعل مساعد

الأفعال المساعدة والناقصة هي:

(am / is / are / was / were)
(have / has / had) (can / could / shall /
should / will / would / may / might / must
/ ought to / had to)

? +v+ing + فاعل + am/is/are + أداة استفهام

what are you doing ?

what were you doing ?

? +inf + فاعل + do/does/did + أداة استفهام
do you go to school?

Where did Ahmed go yesterday?

? +p.p. + فاعل + has/have/had + أداة استفهام

how long have you been watching the
film?

الفعل + أداة استفهام + can/could/will/must
+inf? + فاعل +. +المساعد الناقص

when will he arrive?

لاحظ التحويلات الآتية عند السؤال أو الإجابة :-

Question	you	your
Answer	I - we	my - our
are you	were you ...?	
I'm/we are	I was / we were	

إذا لم تجد بالجملة فعلاً مساعداً أو ناقصاً عليك بالاتباع

الآتي:-

1- إذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع به (is) نستخدم

(does) .

2- إذا كان فعل الجملة مضارع بدون (is) نستخدم (

do) .

3- إذا كان فعل الجملة ماضى نستخدم (did) .

تنبه: إذا لم تبدأ الجملة

بـ (Yes ,No ,Of course) أو ما سبق نستخدم

أداة الاستفهام كالتالي :-

How long	have	you
أداة استفهام	فعل مساعد	فاعل
been studying	English ?	
فعل أساسي	تتمة الجملة	
grammar		

الالتزام obligation

and lack of obligation

Have to / Has to /Must

تستخدم (has to \ have to) بمعنى

(يجب أن) للتعبير عن القواعد أو الضرورة

♣ At primary and preparatory schools,

all students have to wear a uniform.

♣ My daughter has to / must wear a

uniform at school.

♣ It is necessary for my daughter to

wear a uniform at school.

♣ We have to go to school on time. =

♣ We must go to school on time.

Negative النفي

(**Lack of necessity**)

Subject + (don't or doesn't +have to)

المصنوع + inf.

♣ You don't have to pick the flowers.

♣ Amany doesn't have to trick on the

others.

Questions wh. +do // does +have to+ inf.?

♣ What do you have to do after doing

homework?

♣ I have to do my homework.

♣ Do you have to get up at seven o'clock?

♣ Yes, I have to get up early

♣ Does she have to eat bananas ?

♣ No , she doesn't have to eat